

CHAPTER V

CONCLUSION AND SUGGESTION

A. Conclusion

Based on the data analysis explained at the chapter IV, finally, the research about the effect of using conversational discussion groups strategy on students' reading comprehension in descriptive text of the eight grade students of state junior high school 23 Pekanbaru comes to conclusion as follows:

1. Based on the analysis of T- Test formula, the researcher found $t_0 > t_t$ or $3.750 > 2.00$. It can be concluded that H_0 is rejected and H_a is accepted. It means there is a significant effect of students' reading comprehension taught by using conversational discussion groups strategy of eight grade students of state junior high school 23 Pekanbaru. It shows that using conversational discussion groups strategy can improve students' reading comprehension.
2. Students' reading comprehension taught by using conversational discussion groups strategy mean is 74,06 while students' reading comprehension taught by using conventional strategy mean is 65,16. Based on the result after analyzing the data, it is concluded students' reading comprehension in experimental class is higher than control class.

B. Suggestions

Based on the research finding, the writer would like to give some suggestion:

1. Suggestions for teacher

- a. It is recommended to the teacher to use conversational discussion groups strategy in teaching and learning process.
- b. It is hoped that the teacher teaches reading class from the easiest to the most difficult one.
- c. The teacher should build a favorable atmosphere at time of teaching learning process because the conducive condition in teaching would become one asset to carry out the success of material taught.

2. Suggestion for students

- a. The students should try to understand the use of conversational discussion groups strategy in reading text.
- b. The students should be active in learning process to make easier in understanding the materials.

Finally, the writer considers that this research still needs validation from the next resesarcher who has the same topic as this research.